Maxtec

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1: Identification

Product Name: Maxtec KOH Oxygen Sensors Synonyms: UN1814: Potassium hydroxide solution CAS Number(s): 1310-58-3, 7439-92-1 Product Use: Oxygen Sensor Manufacturer/Supplier: Maxtec Address: 2305 South 1070 West, Salt Lake City, Utah 84119

General Information: 800-748-5355 (Toll Free), +1-801-266-5300 (International) **Transportation Emergency Number:**

Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

Note

The oxygen sensors contain a strong basic solution encapsulated in a plastic housing. Under normal operating conditions the solution (electrolyte) is never exposed. In case of a leak please observe the following information:

GHS Classification:

Potassium Hydroxide

Health	Environment	Physical
Corrosive to Metals – Category 1	Acute aquatic Toxicity – Category 3	Not Available
Acute Toxicity – Category 4 (oral)		
Skin Corrosion – Category 1A		
Serious Eye Damage – Category 1		

Lead		
Health	Environment	Physical
Acute Toxicity – Category (inhalation)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity – Category 1	Not Available
Acute Toxicity – Category 4 (oral/dermal)	Chronic Aquatic Toxicity – Category 1	
Carcinogenicity – Category 2		
Reproductive/Developmental – Category 2		
Target organ Toxicity (Repeated) – Category 2		

GHS Label: <u>Potassium Hydroxide Solution</u>	
Symbols:	
Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements
DangerMay be corrosive to metals.	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 May be considered inetais. Harmful if swallowed	 Avoid release to the environment.
 Causes severe skin burns and 	 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
eye damage.	 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you fee
 Harmful to aquatic life. 	unwell.
	• IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	• IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminate
	clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
	• IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	• IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove conta
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISO
	CENTER for doctor/ physician.
	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	• Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
	• Store in corrosive resistant stainless steel container with a resistant inner liner
	• Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Lead

Symbols:	¥
 Hazard Statements Warning! Harmful if swallowed. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	 Precautionary Statements If breathed in, move person into fresh air. In not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician. In case of skin contact, wash off with soap and plenty of water. In case of eye contact, flush eyes with water as a precaution. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water.

Substance	Formula	Mol. Weight	CAS Number	Weight %
Potassium Hydroxide	КОН	56.11 g/mol	1310-58-3	~10-20% (of total electrolyte weig
Lead		207.2 g/mol	7439-92-1	~10-45% (of total sensor weight
		Section 4: 1	First-Aid measure	28
.1 Descriptio	n of first aid m	easures		
conditions	n sensors contai the solution is n		n encapsulated in a plastic f a leak please observe th	c housing. Under normal operating e following instructions:
General A Consult a p		this safety data sheet to	the doctor in attendance	. Move out of dangerous area.
If inhaled If breathed	in, move person	n into fresh air. If not br	eathing, give artificial re	spiration. Consult a physician.
	skin contact ontaminated clot	thing and shoes immedia	ately. Wash off with soap	o and plenty of water. Consult a
		nty of water for at least 1	15 minutes and consult a	physician. Continue rinsing eyes during
If swallow Do NOT in Consult a p	duce vomiting.	Never give anything by	mouth to an unconsciou	s person. Rinse mouth with water.
-	• •	ns and effects, both acuta symptoms and effects a	•	ling (see section 2) and/or in section 11
.3 Indication No data av	•	ate medical attention a	and special treatment n	eeded
		Section 5: Fir	e-Fighting Measure	ures
.1 Extinguish	ing media			
	stinguishing me	e dia esistant foam, dry chemi	ical or carbon dioxide.	

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for the firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Note

The oxygen sensors contain a strong basic solution encapsulated in a plastic housing. Under normal operating conditions the solution (electrolyte) is never exposed. In case of a leak please observe the following instructions:

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage. Neutralize spill with soda ash or lime. Carefully place material into clean dry container and cover. Flush spill area with water. Avoid creating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid rough handling. Avoid exposing sensor(s) to rapid changes in pressure. Avoid puncturing or damaging sensor membrane(s). In case of sensor leakage see section 6.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store sensors in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1 no other specifics uses are stipulated.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Potassium	1310-58-3	С	2 mg/m^3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit
hydroxide				Values (TLV)
	Remarks	Eye, skin, & U	Jpper Respiratory Tract	irritation

SDS-0002 Rev. 06

	See 1910.102	5	
	С	2 mg/m^3	USA. OSHA – Table Z-1 Limits for
			Air Contaminants – 1910.1000
	С	2 mg/m^3	USA. NIOSH Recommended
			Exposure Limits

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis		
	Remarks	See 1910.102	5			
Lead	7439-92-1	WTA	0.05 mg/m^3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit		
				Values (TLV)		
		Confirmed an	imal carcinogen with u	nknown relevance to humans		
		WTA	0.05 mg/m^3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit		
				Values (TLV)		
		Central Nervous System impairment				
		Hematologic effects				
		Peripheral Nervous System Impairment Substance for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see				
		BEI® section)				
		Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans va		nknown relevance to humans varies		
		TWA	0.05 mg/m^3	USA. NIOSH Recommended		
				Exposure Limits		
		See Appendix	K C			

Biological occupational exposure limits

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological	Basis
				specimen	
Lead	7439-92-1	Lead	0.3 µg/mL	In blood	ACGIH – Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		Remarks	Not critical		

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields or googles conforming to appropriate government standards such as ANSI (US) or EN 166(EU)

Skin protection

Handle with nitrile loves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Respiratory and body protection

Wear respiratory protection and full protective clothing tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as ANSI (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties of sensor solution (electrolyte)

a)	Appearance	Form: liquid Color: clear/translucent
b)	Odor	none
c)	Odor Threshold	no data available
d)	pH	>13
e)	Melting point/freezing point	no data available
f)	Initial Boiling point and boiling range	no data available
g)	Flash point	> 100°C
h)	Evaporation rate	no data available
i)	Flammability (solid, gas)	no data available
j)	Upper/lower flammability	no data available
	or explosive limits	
k)	Vapor pressure	no data available
1)	Vapor density	no data available
m)	Relative density	no data available
n)	Water Solubility	100% (Water based solution)
o)	Partition coefficient:	no data available
	n-octanol/water	
p)	Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
q)	Decomposition temperature	no data available
r)	Viscosity	no data available
s)	Explosive properties	no data available
t)	Oxidizing properties	no data available

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Note

The oxygen sensors contain a strong basic solution (electrolyte) encapsulated in a plastic housing. Under normal operating conditions the solution is never exposed. In case of a leak please observe the following information:

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and usage conditions. Heat of solution is high, addition of water to leaked solution may cause heating.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flame and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids, Nitro compounds, organic materials, magnesium, copper. Metals, light metals, contact with aluminum, tin and zinc liberates hydrogen gas. Contact with nitromethane and other similar nitro compounds causes formation of shock-sensitive salts., vigorous reaction with: alkali metals, halogens, azides, anhydrides.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products – no data available In the event of fire: see section 5

Section 11: Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects (Potassium Hydroxide)

Acute toxicity LD50 Oral – rat – 333 mg/kg

Inhalation: no data available

Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin – rabbit Results: Severe skin irritation – 24 h

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes – rabbit Results: Corrosive to eyes (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC:	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
ACGIH:	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
NTP:	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
OSHA:	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure No data available

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: TT2100000

11.2 Information on toxicological effects (Lead)

Acute toxicity Inhalation: no data available

Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity Rat Cytogenetic analysis

Carcinogenicity

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

IARC:2B – Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Lead)

NTP: Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen (Lead)

Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. The reference note have been added by TD based on the background information of NTP. (Lead)

OSHA: 1910.1025 (Lead)

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected human reproductive toxicant

Reproductive toxicity – rat – Inhalation Effects on Newborn: Biochemical metabolic. Reproductive toxicity – rat – Oral Effects on Newborn: Behavioral.

Reproductive toxicity – mouse – Oral

Effect on Fertility: Female fertility index (e.g., # females pregnant per # sperm positive females; # females pregnant per # females mated). Effects on Fertility: Pre-implantation mortality (e.g., reduction in number of implants per female; total number of implants per corpora lutea).

Development Toxicity – rat – Inhalation

Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Blood and lymphatic system (including spleen and marrow).

Developmental Toxicity – rat – Oral Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Blood and lymphatic system (including sleep and marrow). Effects on Newborn: Growth statistics (e.g., reduced weight gain)

Developmental Toxicity – rat – Oral Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetal death.

Developmental Toxicity – mouse – Oral Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetal death.

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure No data available

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard No data available

Additional Information RTECS: OF7525000

Anemia Stomach – Irregularities – Based on Human Evidence

Section 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Potassium Hydroxide Solution No data available

Lead

Toxic to fish

mortality LOEC – Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) – 1.19 mg/L – 96 h LC50 – Micropterus dolomieui – 2.2 mg/L – 96 h Mortality NOEC – Salvelinus fontinalis – 1.7 mg/L – 10 d

L		12 Pov. 06	10	April 22, 2020
UN Nı Packa	umber: 1 iging Gr	UN1814		
Prope		ent of Transportation (ng Name: Potassium hy		
IATA:	Regulat		erous goods in excepted quantities, Sec 2.6,	
		Se	ction 14: Transport Information	n
service	used or s e to dispo		o a licensed disposal company. Contact a lice solve or mix the material with a combustible er and scrubber.	
		500	tion 13. Disposar Consideration	
		Sec	tion 13: Disposal Consideration	ns
12.6	Other adverse effects An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted.			
	No data available			
12.4	Mobili	ty in soil	Disconcentration factor (Der), 12	
		_ 10000 000000000	Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 12	→
	Lead	Bioaccumulation	Oncorhynchus kisutch – 2 Weeks – 150 µs	۲/L
	Potass	ium Hydroxide No data available		
12.3	Bioacc	cumulative potential		
	Lead	No data available		
	Potass	ium Hydroxide Solutio No data available	on and a second s	
12.2	Persist	tence and degradability	y	
		Toxic to algea	mortality EC50 – Skeletonema costatum –	7.94 mg/L – 10 d
		Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	mortality LOEC – Daphnia – 0.17 mg/L – mortality NOEC – Daphnia – 0.099 mg/L	

International Maritime Organization (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name: Potassium hydroxide solution Hazard Class: 8 UN Number: UN1814 Packaging Group: II Labels Required: Marine Pollutant

IATA Proper Shipping Name: Potassium hydroxide solution Hazard Class: 8 UN Number: UN1814 Packaging Group: II

Section 15: Regulatory Information

SARA 302 Components

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Lead	7439-92-1	1994-04-01

SARA 311/312 Components

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right to Know Components

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	2007-03-01
Lead	7439-92-1	1994-04-01

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	2007-03-01
Lead	7439-92-1	1994-04-01

New Jersey Right To Know Components

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	2007-03-01
Lead	7439-92-1	1994-04-01

California Prop. 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical know to the State of California to cause cancer.

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Lead	7439-92-1	1989-07-10
WARNING! This product contains a ch reproductive harm.	emical know to t	he State of California to cause birth defects or other
-	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Lead	7439-92-1	1989-07-10

Section 16: Other Information

HMIS Rating

Health Hazard:	3
Chronic Health Hazard:	*
Flammability:	0
Physical Hazard:	0

NFPA Rating

Health Hazard:	3
Fire Hazard:	0
Reactivity Hazard:	0

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